The National Prostate Cancer Register (NPCR)			RADIOTHERAPY - LOCALISED PROSTATE CANCER Radiotherapy with curative intent		
Hospital, clinic			Personal identity number		
Physician					
	Year Month Day	1	Name		
Date of report					
Imaging investigations (all	scans ordered by urologist/s	urgeon or oncolo	gist prior to treatmen	t decision should be reported)
Prostate	□ No	☐ Yes		MRI ☐ No ☐ Yes	
If performed - s	pecify radiological T-stage	□ T1 □ T2	! ☐ T3-T4 ☐ 1	гх	
Pelvic lymph no	des 🗆 No	☐ Yes C	T □ No □ Yes	PET/CT ☐ No ☐ Yes	MRI □ No □ Yes
If performed - specify radiological N-stage ☐ N0 ☐ N1 ☐ NX					
Bone	□ No	☐ Yes			
	Bone scan 🗌 No		T ☐ No ☐ Yes	PET-CT ☐ No ☐ Yes	MRI ☐ No ☐ Yes
	pecify radiological M-stage	□ M0 □ M	1		
Treatment decision S-PSA at treatment decision		,	μg/L		Year Month Day
Date when patient was notified for radiotherapy (decided by an oncologist) or date for the decision of refrainning radiotherapy					
□ Radiotherapy not performed, reason?					
Participation in clinical trial No Yes Name of study					
		Name of Study_			
Primary external radiotherapy ☐ No ☐ Yes Postoperative radiotherapy ☐ No ☐ Yes					
Start date	Dose fraction (Gy)	Total dose (Gy)			
Year Month Day					
Marker technique	IMRT/VMAT	Including vesicle	0,	•	
□ No □ Yes	□ No □ Yes	□ No □	Yes No	☐ Yes	
Boost	☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ HDR ☐ Protons	_] Photons		
Start date	Dose fraction (Gy)	Total dose (Gy)			
Year Month Day	. ,,	, ,,			
	,	······································			
Isotope (HDR)	☐ Iridium	☐ Other, spec	ify		
Seeds Start date Year Month Day	☐ No ☐ Yes Total dose (Gy)				
	,	□ □ □ □	П он	.,	
Isotope	☐ I-125	☐ Palladium	☐ Other, s	specify	
Has MRI or PET-CT been us MRI ☐ No ☐ Yes	• • •		Yes		
Neo-/adjuvant hormonal therapy					
	date hormonal therapy		Missing		
Prior to or during radiotherap	oy ☐ Antiandrogen	☐ GnRH	□ САВ	☐ ≤ 6 months	☐ > 6 months
After radiotherapy ☐ No ☐ Yes:	☐ Antiandrogen	□ GnRH	□ САВ	☐ ≤ 6 months	
				 > 6 months ≤ 18 months > 18 months ≤ 30 months > 30 months 	

All newly diagnosed cases of infiltrating adenocarcinoma in the prostate are to be registered in the National prostate Cancer Register (NPCR). Information on TNM, PSA, Gleason grade and primary treatment is reported from urology/surgery clinics.

The oncology clinic should report radiotherapy data to NPCR by use of the INCA-system for all patients that has been referred for radiotherapy treatment with curative intent. Reminders from the Regional Cancer Centre can only be sent when the urology clinic has reported that primary radiotherapy has been decided as primary treatment, but not when radiotherapy is to be given postoperatively or at a later stage due to increasing PSA. The oncology clinic must monitor that all curatively treated patients are reported.

TNM-stage, based on imaging investigation

T1 No tumour visible by imaging

T2 Tumour confined to rhe prostate according to imaging

T2/T3 Tumour spread not possible to assess

T3-4 Growing outside the capsule, into seminal vesicles, bladder neck, pelvic wall, pelvis, or rectum.

TX Not possible to determine

NO No signs of regional lymph node metastasis

N1 Signs of regional lymph node metastasis

NX Not possible to determine

Any suspicious changes are recorded as N1

M0 No evidence of distant metastasis

M1 Evidence of distant metastasis

Any suspicious changes are recorded as M1

Treatment decision

S-PSA

Report the latest PSA-value with one decimal. Report non-detectable PSA as 0 (preceded by <, e.g. <0.05µg/L).

Radiotherapy not performed

Give reason for not performing radiotherapy (in free text) for patients that have been referred to the oncology clinic for radiotherapy but where the treatment is not performed.

Participation in clinical trial

Includes only trials where treatment/treatmetent outcome are studied.

Primary external radiotherapy is given directly after diagnosis or after a period of active surveillance. Report as dose per fraction and size of total dose (most often 78 Gy). If different fraction sizes have been used report fraction dose 2, start date 2 and total dose under Boost.

Today is most often a dose escalating technique with implanted gold markers used.

Report if IMRT/VMAT and whether the intention was to include vesicles and/or lymph nodes (more cranial than obturatorius nodes) in the radiation field.

Postoperative radiotherapy is given as an adjuvant therapy after surgery.

Boost Refers to photon radiation with different fraction size (often >2 Gy/fraction), or other types of radiation (e.g. protons) or another technique (e.g. HDR). If part of combination treatment supplement with details of "Primary external radiotherapy" above.

HDR brachy is given fairly similar all over the country, but dose fraction and number of fractions can vary between patients. Iridium is the most commonly used source.

Protons are given as boost in Uppsala

Seeds Seeds have only been used to a limited extent. Report dose och isotope. If hormonal therapy has been given to shrink the gland this should be reported at Neo-/Adjuvant hormonal treatment.

MRI eller PET-CT. Report if used to assist in the definition of target.

Hormonal therapy

Start date for hormonal therapy or date when hormonal therapy was prescribed

Neo-adjuvant hormonal therapy report time prior to and during radiotherapy (≤6 months resp. > 6 months). Also applies for the indication shrinkage of gland.

Adjuvant hormonal therapy - choose between 4 different intervalls. In case of planned lifelong therapy tick>30 months.

For detailed instructions see manual - Radiotherapy - for the National Prostate Cancer register at http://www.cancercentrum.se/sv/INCA/kvalitetsregister/