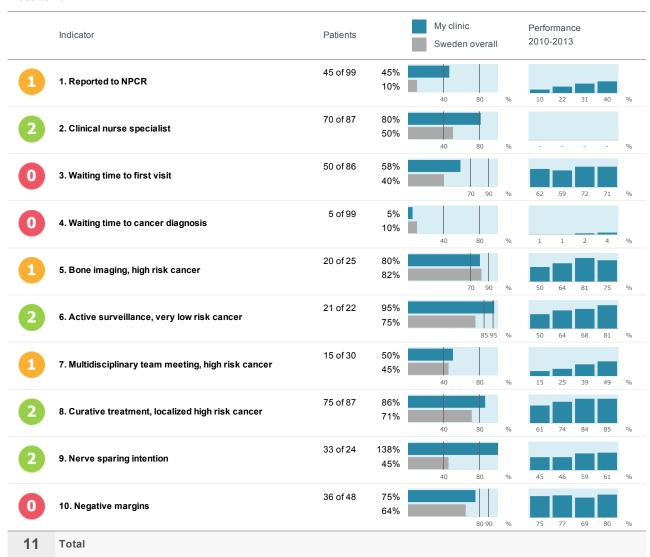
Results 2014



Legend to indicators

- 1. Proportion of men who were reported to NPCR within 30 days of their cancer diagnosis.
- 2. Proportion of men who have a named clinical nurse specialist.
- 3. Proportion of men who had a first outpatient visit due to suspicion of prostate cancer within 60 days of referral.
- 4. Proportion of men who were informed of their cancer diagnosis within 18 days after prostate biopsy.
- 5. Proportion of men up to 80 years of age with high risk cancer who were investigated for bone metastases. High risk cancer: T1,2 and Gleason 8-10 or PSA 20-50 ng/ml or T3 and PSA < 50 ng/ml.
- 6. Proportion of men with very low risk cancer who were started on active surveillance. Cancer with very low risk: T1c, Gleason 6 or lower, PSA below 10 ng/ml, PSA density below 0.15 ng/ml, no more than four cores with cancer, no more than 8 mm of cancer in total at biopsy.
- 7. Proportion of men with high risk cancer for whom curative Tx can be considered who were discussed at a multidisciplinary team meeting.
- 8. Proportion of men not older than 75 years with localized high risk cancer who received curative treatment. Localized high risk cancer: T1,2 and Gleason 8-10 and/or PSA 20-50 ng/ml and no metastases.
- 9. Proportion of men for whom nerve sparing intention at radical prostatectomy was documented preoperatively
- 10. Proportion of men diagnosed with pT2 cancer at prostatectomy who had negative margins, i.e. radically removed tumor.

Symbols

Quality indicators in NPCR and three levels of performance



Intermediate level

0 Low level

Patients

Number of patients for whom high quality level was reached out of all reported patients

My clinic/Sweden overall

Number of patients for whom the indicator level was reached. Vertical lines indicate upper and lower cut-offs. Mean value for the whole country.

Performance

Performance in the last four years